

## CERTIFICATE OF TESTING

For the Account Of: Camira Fabrics  
Meltham Mills, Meltham  
West Yorkshire HD9 4AY  
United Kingdom

Contact: Amanda Heeley, Rebecca Brook

Client's Identification: Rivet

**TEST PERFORMED** Standard Method of Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials ASTM E84-15  
Unadhered

### TEST RESULTS

Test Specimen	Flame Spread Index	Smoke Developed Index
Reinforced Cement Board	0	0
Red Oak Flooring	100	100
Rivet	10	120

### Specimen Data

Time to Ignition	00.10 (min)
Maximum Flame Spread	02.22 (ft)
Time to Maximum Flame Spread	00.40 (min)

### ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Class	Flame Spread Index	Smoke Development Rating
1 or A	0 - 25	0 - 450 maximum
2 or B	26 - 75	0 - 450 maximum
3 or C	76 - 200	0 - 450 maximum

**CONCLUSION** Based on the above Results and Acceptance Criteria, the item tested is:

- Class 1 or A
- Class 2 or B
- Class 3 or C
- Unrated

### DISCUSSION

This test is certified for ASTM E84 by the Southern Building Code Congress International (SBCCI) as a testing laboratory for Fire and Materials testing, Evaluation Report Number TL-9606 (Commercial Testing), and by the United States Department of Commerce, National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), through the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for compliance with criteria set forth in NIST Handbook 150:2001, all requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:1999, and relevant requirements of ISO 9002:1994.

This report is provided for the exclusive use of the client to whom it is addressed. It may be used in its entirety to gain product acceptance from daily-constituted authorities. The test results presented in this report apply only to the samples tested and are not necessarily indicative of apparent identical or similar materials. The client provided sample selection and identification. A sampling plan, if described in the referenced test procedure, was not necessarily followed. This report shall not be used under any circumstance in advertising to the general public.

### Introduction

This report is a presentation of results of a surface flammability test on a material submitted by client.

The test was conducted in accordance with the American Society for test and Materials fire test response standard E84-15, Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials, sometimes referred to as the Steiner Tunnel test. This test is applicable to exposed surfaces such as walls and ceilings. The test is conducted with the specimen in the ceiling position with the surface to be evaluated exposed face down to the ignition source. The method, which is similar to NFPA No. 255 and UL No. 723, is an American National Standard (ANSI) and has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense for listing in the DoD Index of Specifications and Standards.

This standard is used to measure and describe the response of materials, products, or assemblies to heat and flame under controlled conditions, but does not by itself incorporate all factors required for fire-hazard or fire-risk assessment of materials, products, or assemblies under actual fire conditions.

The purpose of the test is to provide only the comparative measurements of surface flame spread and smoke development of materials with that of select grade red oak and reinforced cement board under specific fire exposure conditions. The test exposes a nominal 24-foot long by

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20-inch wide test specimen to a controlled airflow and flaming fire adjusted to spread the flame along the entire length of a red oak specimen in 5.50 minutes. During the ten-minute test duration, flame spread over the specimen surface and density of the resulting smoke are measured and recorded. Test results are calculated relative to red oak, which has an arbitrary rating of 100, and reinforced cement board, which has a rating of 0.

The test results are expressed as Flame Spread Index and Smoke Developed Index. The Flame Spread Index is defined in ASTM E 176 as a number or classification indicating a comparative measure derived from observations made during the progress of the boundary of a zone of flame under defined test conditions. The Smoke Developed Index, a term specific to ASTM E-84, is defined as a number or classification indicating a comparative measure derived from smoke obscuration data collected during the test for surface burning characteristics. There is not necessarily a relationship between the two measurements.

The method does not provide for measurement of heat transmission through the surface tested, the effect of aggravated flame spread behavior of an assembly resulting from the proximity of combustible walls and ceilings, or classifying a material as noncombustible solely by means of a Flame Spread Index.

The zero reference and other parameters critical to furnace operation are verified on the day of the test by conducting a 10-minute test using 1/4-inch reinforced cement board. Periodic tests using NOFMA certified 23/32-inch select grade red oak flooring provide data for the 100 reference.

### Test Sample

The test sample, selected by the client was conditioned to equilibrium in an atmosphere with the temperature maintained at 71 +/- 2°F and the relative humidity at 50 +/- 5 percent. For testing, two 12-foot lengths of the fabric were free laid over a 2-inch hexagonal wire mesh supported by 1/4-inch diameter steel rods spanning the ledges of the tunnel furnace at 24-inch intervals. This method of sample support is described in appendix X1 of the E-84 standard, Guide to Mounting Methods, Section X1.1.2.2 and X1.1.2.3.

### Test Results

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### Clarification on Codes

Code officials frequently use the Flame Spread Index and Smoke Developed Index values obtained by the ASTM E-84 test and regulatory agencies in the acceptance of interior finish materials for various applications. The most widely accepted classification system is described in the National Fire Protection Association publication NFPA 101 Life Safety Code, where:

### Standard Classification System

<u>Class</u>	<u>Flame Spread Index</u>	<u>Smoke Development Rating</u>
1 or A	0 - 25	0 - 450 maximum
2 or B	26 - 75	0 - 450 maximum
3 or C	76 - 200	0 - 450 maximum

Class A, B and C correspond to Type I, II, and III respectively in other codes such as SBCCI, BOCA, and ICBO. They do not preclude a material being otherwise classified by the authority of jurisdiction.

The description of the test procedure and specimen evaluated, as well as the observations and results obtained, contained herein are true and accurate within the limits of sound engineering practice. These test results were obtained from an outside source. A copy of the original document is kept on file at Applied Textiles.

**CERTIFICATION** I certify that the above results were obtained after testing specimen in accordance with the procedures and equipment specified by the standard stated above. These test results were obtained from an outside source.

Authorized Signature-MB

